

APA7 REFERENCING WEBSITES

This is a support document. For other examples of APA Referencing, refer to the

TAFE NSW APA Referencing Guide located at <https://tafensw.libguides.com/research/referencing>

Websites

Use the webpages and website category if no other reference category fits the item, such as journal, blog, conference proceedings and so on.

If you need to cite multiple webpages from one site, create a separate reference for each.

To mention a website in general only, provide an in-text citation without a reference list entry.

Author: Who is responsible for the work?

Individual author/s format: **Author, A. A., & Author, A. A.**

Use the author's surname and initials, use a comma to separate multiple authors.

Use the & for the last author.

End this element with a full stop.

[Greenman, J. T.](#), [Stonehouse, A.](#), & [Schweikert, G.](#)

Corporate or organisational author format: **Name of Organisation**

The author may be an organisation, write exactly as shown using capitals.

eg. [NSW Department of Health](#). or [Amnesty International](#).

Government agencies with multiple levels of departments

Use the most specific agency name as the author when the author is a government agency with multiple levels of departments. Then the name of the parent agency appears after the title as the website name.

Identifying the author of a website

If there is no clear author next to the content on the webpage, refer to the **About Us** or **Contact Us** pages at the site to help establish the author of the website.

Write your author/s here:

Date: When was the work published?

Date of publication format: **(Year, Month Day).**

Provide as specific a date as is available on the webpage. This might be a year only; a year and month; or a year, month and day. ([2019, June 17](#)).

Finding the date

For a website where there is no clear date associated with the content on the page, then use the last updated date on the page. If there is no last updated date, **do not use the footer copyright date**, but treat as a work having no date.

If you do not have a publication date then use ([n.d.](#)). instead. End this element with a full stop.

Format when you have the same author and same year for multiple reference entries

You will need to cite different webpages from the same site.

To distinguish between the works add by 'a', 'b', etc. after publication date. For (n.d.) entries add "-a", "-b" instead.

The letters after the publication date are assigned by the alphabetical order of the title.

(2009a).

(2009b).

(n.d.-a).

(n.d.-b).

Write your publication date here:

Title: What is this work called?
Title format: *Title: Subtitle.*

The title statement is in *italics*. The title is written in sentence case.

Capitalise only the first word of the titles, subtitle, and any proper nouns.

End this element with a full stop.

Mental health: Gender and women's mental health.

Write your title here:

Source: Where can I retrieve this work?
Website format: Website Name. URL

Write the website name as it is shown on the website, write exactly as shown using capitals.

When the author and the website are the same, omit the website name from the source element.

End the website name with a full stop.

Reserve Bank of Australia. <https://www.rba.gov.au/publications/rdp/2016/pdf/rdp2016-09.pdf>

Retrieval statement format: Retrieved Month Day, Year, from https://xxxxx

Only use a retrieval date if the URL is **likely to change and not archived**.

Some examples include online dictionary entries, Twitter profiles and facebook pages. Use the following retrieval date format if a retrieval date is required.

Retrieved June 12, 2018, from <https://xxxxxx>

Write your source here:

Your complete reference

Format for a website:

Author Surname, Initial(s). (Year, Month Day). Title. Website Name. URL

Format for a website requiring a retrieval statement:

Author Surname, Initial(s). (Year, Month Day). Title. Website Name. Retrieved Month Day, Year, from URL

Write your full reference here:

Examples - (Your reference list should be formatted in double space)

References

(parent agency appears after the title as the website name)

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare. (2019, August 30). *Diabetes*. Australian Government.
<https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/diabetes/diabetes-compendium/contents/how-many-australians-have-diabetes>

Kenney, R., La Cava, G., & Rodgers, D. (2016). *Why do companies fail?* Reserve Bank of Australia.
<https://www.rba.gov.au/publications/rdp/2016/pdf/rdp2016-09.pdf>

(wikipedia entry, archived version via view history option)

List of librarians. (2019, December 27). In *Wikipedia*.
https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=List_of_librarians&oldid=932711390

(website with changing content that is not archived with a retrieval statement)

Merriam-Webster. (n.d.). Internet. In *Merriam-Webster.com dictionary*. Retrieved December 13, 2019, from
<https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/Internet>

(the website name is the same as author)

World Health Organisation. (n.d.-a). *Adolescent mental health*. <https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/adolescent-mental-health>

(same author and same n.d.)

World Health Organisation. (n.d.-b). *Mental health: Gender and women's mental health*.
http://www.who.int/mental_health/prevention/genderwomen/en/